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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 08/817,595 04/22/97 TURIANO MARGI-15 **EXAMINER** HM12/0828 MILLEN WHITE ZELANO & BRANIGAN BANSAL ARLINGTON COURTHOUSE PLAZA I ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER SUITE 1201 2200 CLARENDON BOULEVARD 1642 ARLINGTON VA 22201 DATE MAILED: 08/28/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary	Application No. 08/817,595	Applicant(s)		
	Examiner	1 -00 00.	Group Art Unit	
	Geetha &	ansal.	1642	
—The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet b	eneath the co	orrespondence ad	dress
Period for Reply	_			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE -3-	MONTH(S) FROM THE MAIL	ING DATE
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.7 from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, e Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute 	ly within the statutory minin expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	num of thirty (30) m the mailing dat	days will be considered te of this communication	d timely.
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on	7			· •
☐ This action is FINAL .				
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935			the merits is clos	ed in
Disposition of Claims				
🗷 Claim(s) <u>25 - 39</u>		is/are pending in the application.		
Of the above claim(s)		is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
☐ Claim(s)				
© Claim(s) <u>25-39</u>		iş/are	rejected.	
□ Claim(s)		is/are	objected to.	
☐ Claim(s)————————————————————————————————————	7	are su require	bject to restriction o	r election
Application Papers				
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing				
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is approved	☐ disapprove	d.	
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	o to by the Examiner.			
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)				
 □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority und □ All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of th □ received. □ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number 	e priority documents h	ave been		
received in this national stage application from the Inter-	·			
*Certified copies not received:			·	
Cotanica dopico not reserved				
Attachment(s)			_	. 1
Attachment(s) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No				•
Attachment(s)	□ 1	Notice of Inform	mary, PTO-413 Pa	on, PTO-15

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Prosecution Application

- 1. The request filed on 12/5/01 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 08/817, 595 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.
- 2. Applicant's amendment filed 12/5/2000 (Paper No: 25/D) is acknowledged. Accordingly, claims 10-24 are canceled without prejudice, and claims 25-39 are added.

Claims 25-39 are being examined.

Response to Arguments

- 3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 6. Claims 25-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- A. It is not definite in claims 25, 34, 39 what is meant by "associated" molecules.
- B. Claims are indefinite in that the differences between the two sources of animal tissue, serum or cells in the two containers are not clear. Are the differences in the sources from different tissues or cells (e.g. muscle vs brain and T cells vs epithelial cells) or due to different batches of the same? or different species or different members of the same species? or to different types of

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MHC molecules? Clarification is requested. This is not still clear from the claims. It is important to have the claims recite the differences explicitly because the preparations will be different compositions and would be expected to affect the nature of treatment as claimed.

- C. Claim 37 is indefinite in that it is not clear what is meant by "sequentially or alternately".
- 7. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

8. Claims 34-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Claims are drawn to a pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of cancer comprising MHC molecules, and methods of preparing the pharmaceutical composition, and a method of treating cancers. In determining the enablement of the instant claims, some of the factors that were considered were 1) nature of the invention, b) state of the prior art, c) level of predictability, d) amount of direction given, e) existence of working examples, f) quantity of experimentation to make the invention. The nature of the invention is such that the pharmaceutical composition of the instant claims must have a therapeutic benefit and b able to treat cancer. Treatment of cancer is recognized to mean treatment of the disease with its accompanying symptoms and etiological development. The claims also are drawn to a composition comprising MHC molecules. The specification teaches the administration of MHC molecules to rats which have been inoculated with the AH-130 tumor cells, and estimating the number of tumor cells in the rats after the various administrations. There is no teaching in the specification that these data (drawn to the number of cells pre and post treatment) reflect the

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treatment of tumors. What is not clear is the survival of these rats past the treatment mode and the status of all symptoms associated with the cancer state. There are no working examples of an effective treatment of a cancer. There are a number of types of cancers that do not grow in the way exemplified - the exemplification is at best an alternate to an in vitro culture, as it serves to demonstrate a proliferation of tumor cells at a specific site (by virtue of the fact that they are specifically inoculated into the area as for e.g. into the lungs) with the therapeutic compositions also being administered into the same site. Secondly the window of testing for the efficacy of the composition is about 18 days and the time of administration begins as early as 4 days. This is very unlike the development of cancer in a human where it is not certain when the cancer state began or when tumor cells started forming. An effective therapeutic protocol for the treatment or prevention of the reformation of a tumor is subject to a number of factors which enter the picture beyond simply the administration of MHC molecules. The establishment and growth of a tumor is subject to variables beyond simply growing in an acceptable host. The specification does not indicate what type of cells the AH-130 cells are or whether the rats were immunosuppressed. The ability of a host to suppress and thereby prevent the tumor from establishing itself will vary depending upon factors such as the condition of the host, the type of tumor (rapidly proliferating or slowly proliferating) and the tumor burden. Moreover, the examples delineating the preparation of the compositions that are administered are extracts of the liver tissue from goat or calf. Firstly, the extract is a mixture of all molecules ranging in molecular weight from "10, 000-50, 000" (presumed to be Daltons). Such a mixture could have different proteins or chemically different molecules other than the MHC molecules, that could very well have therapeutic benefits. Therefore, the claims are not enabled with respect to a pharmaceutical composition comprised of an effective amount of MHC molecules, because there is no guidance in the specification as to how to determine the amount of the MHC molecules in the extract. The facts of the experiments described are not sufficient to prove that the invention is enabled for treating cancers. Further, the disclosure does not provide working examples wherein all of the steps required to practice

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the method are employed. Lack of working examples is given added weight in cases involving an unpredictable and undeveloped art such as the treatment of cancer. In the instant case, the claims are so broadly drawn, the guidance is so limited, and the art is so unpredictable that skilled artisan is presented with a multitude of un-linked alternatives with no guidance as to which will enable use of the invention as claimed. Among these are (I) whether to use autologous or allogeneic MHC molecules (specification teaches xenogeneic "MHC molecules", (ii) which of many cancers to select for treatment, (iii) which of many antigens (e.g., endogenous/exogenous; cancer-associated/tumor-specific)are in the purified extract, (iv) which of many neoplastic diseases to select, and (v) what dosage, schedule, and route of administration will provide a successful therapeutic outcome.

Applicants arguments of 12/5/00 has also been considered, but has not been found to be entirely persuasive. Applicant submits (pages 6-7 of Applicant's response of 12/5/00) in a Declaration that the active principle in the extracts is MHC molecules. Applicant also states that the anti tumor activity was due to a peptide from the MHC molecule. This seems to suggest that the MHC molecule per se may not be associated with treatment of tumors. Furthermore, one of skill in the art would be forced into undue burden to practise the claimed invention as it is not clear what type of associated molecules are intended.

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are not persuasive. Applicant does not address the issue presented in the previous office action sent 10/27/98 (specially on page 5) with respect to the working examples and the inclusion of other proteins in the MW range of 10,000 - 50,000 as well as the presence of >50,000 MW proteins. The issues regarding MHC molecules as being the active ingredient is not clear since the absence of reactivity with a particular monoclonal antibody does not necessarily indicate the presence of another MHC molecule which does not react with the antibody.

Secondly Applicant argues the relevance of the rat model has been questioned. It is stated that the rat model was not questioned, but rather as to whether the extrapolation of the studies

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conducted in the rat model of tumor growth to treatment of cancers with MHC molecules was rejected as being non-enabled as set out above.

- 9. No claim is allowed.
- 10. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1640 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 1640 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The CM1 Fax Center telephone number is (703) 308-4242 or (703) 305-3014.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Geetha P. Bansal whose telephone number is (703) 305-3955. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays to Thursdays from 7:00am to 4:30pm and alternate Fridays from 7:00am to 3:30pm. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dr. Anthony Caputa, can be reached on (703) 308-4995.

9. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

August 19, 2000

GEETHA P. BANSAL